

July 28, 2022

Kathy Warden Chair, Chief Executive Officer and President

### Dave Keffer

Corporate Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

# **Forward-Looking Statements**

This presentation and the information we are incorporating by reference, and statements to be made on the earnings conference call, contain or may contain statements that constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "will," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "may," "could," "should," "plan," "project," "forecast," "believe," "estimate," "guidance," "outlook," "trends," "goals" and similar expressions generally identify these forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements relating to our future financial condition, results of operations and/or cash flows. Forward-looking statements are based upon assumptions, expectations, plans and projections that we believe to be reasonable when made, but which may change over time. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and inherently involve a wide range of risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. Specific risks that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those identified and discussed more fully in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 and from time to time in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). These risks and uncertainties are amplified by the global COVID-19 pandemic and the related effects on the broader economic environment, which have caused and will continue to cause significant challenges, instability and uncertainty. They include:

#### **Industry and Economic Risks**

- our dependence on the U.S. government for a substantial portion of our business
- significant delays or reductions in appropriations for our programs, and U.S. government funding and program support more broadly, including related to hostilities and other global events
- the use of estimates when accounting for our contracts and the effect of contract cost growth and/or changes in
  estimated contract revenues and costs, including as a result of labor shortages and/or inflationary pressures
- · increased competition within our markets and bid protests

#### **Legal and Regulatory Risks**

- · investigations, claims, disputes, enforcement actions, litigation and/or other legal proceedings
- the improper conduct of employees, agents, subcontractors, suppliers, business partners or joint ventures in which we participate and the impact on our reputation and our ability to do business
- changes in procurement and other laws, SEC and other regulations, contract terms and practices applicable to
  our industry, findings by the U.S. government as to our compliance with such requirements, and changes in our
  customers' business practices globally
- environmental matters, including unforeseen environmental costs and government and third party claims
- unanticipated changes in our tax provisions or exposure to additional tax liabilities

#### **Business and Operational Risks**

impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic (or future health epidemics, pandemics or similar outbreaks), including potential new variants, case surges or prolonged recovery periods, their effects on the broader environment, and varying related government requirements, on: our business, our ability to maintain a qualified and productive workforce, work slowdowns or stoppages, labor shortages, supply chain and logistics challenges, costs we cannot recover and liabilities for which we are not compensated, performance challenges (including cost and schedule), government funding, changes in government acquisition priorities and processes, government payment rules and practices, insurance challenges, and potential impacts on access to capital, the markets and the fair value of our assets



- cyber and other security threats or disruptions faced by us, our customers or our suppliers and other partners, and changes in related regulations
- our ability to attract and retain a qualified workforce with the required security clearances and requisite skills to meet our performance obligations
- the performance and viability of our subcontractors and suppliers and the availability and pricing of raw materials and components
- climate change, its impacts on our company, our operations and our stakeholders (employees, suppliers, customers, shareholders and regulators), and changes in laws, regulations and priorities related to greenhouse gas emissions and other climate change related concerns
- our exposure to additional risks as a result of our international business, including risks related to geopolitical and economic factors, suppliers, laws and regulations
- our ability to meet performance obligations under our contracts, including obligations that require innovative design capabilities, are technologically complex, require certain manufacturing expertise or are dependent on factors not wholly within our control
- natural disasters
- products and services we provide related to hazardous and high risk operations, including the production and
  use of such products, which subject us to various environmental, regulatory, financial, reputational and other
  risks
- · our ability appropriately to exploit and/or protect intellectual property rights
- our ability to develop new products and technologies and maintain technologies, facilities, and equipment to win new competitions and meet the needs of our customers

#### **General and Other Risk Factors**

- · the adequacy and availability of our insurance coverage, customer indemnifications or other liability protections
- the future investment performance of plan assets, gains or losses associated with changes in valuation of
  marketable securities related to our non-qualified benefit plans, changes in actuarial assumptions associated
  with our pension and other postretirement benefit plans and legislative or other regulatory actions impacting our
  pension and postretirement benefit obligations
- changes in business conditions that could impact business investments and/or recorded goodwill or the value of other long-lived assets

You are urged to consider the limitations on, and risks associated with, forward-looking statements and not unduly rely on the accuracy of forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date this presentation is first issued or, in the case of any document incorporated by reference, the date of that document. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

This presentation also contains non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation to the nearest GAAP measure and a discussion of the company's use of these measures are included in this presentation.

# **Q2 2022 Highlights**





- First images from JWST released, ushering in new era in human discovery
- Announced construction of new advanced weapons manufacturing facility

#### **Financial Results**

- Awards of \$13 billion, book-to-bill ratio of 1.48
- Backlog increased 6% sequentially to \$80 billion
- Operating margin rate of 10.8%, Segment operating margin rate<sup>(1)</sup> of 12.2%

## **Shareholder Friendly Capital Deployment**

- Continue to prioritize investments in our business that are a cornerstone of our technology and manufacturing leadership strategy
- Increased our dividend by 10% in May
- Committed to return at least 100% of 2022 transaction-adjusted free cash flow<sup>(1)</sup> to shareholders via dividends and share repurchases<sup>(2)</sup>



\$80B

in Backlog



\$8.8B

Q2 Sales



12.2%

Q2 Segment OM Rate<sup>(1)</sup>



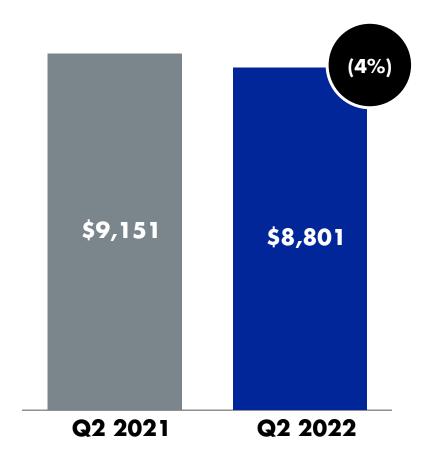
\$6.06

<sup>1</sup> Non-GAAP financial measure. See Appendix.

# **Q2 Sales**



Sales



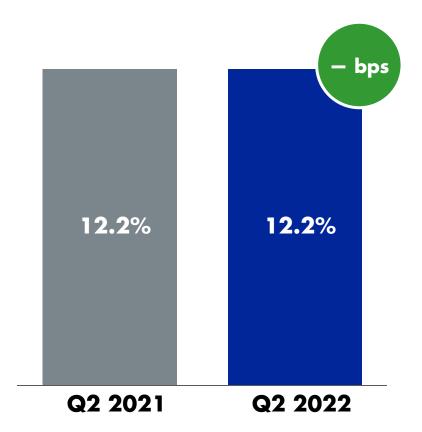
	<b>Three Months Ended June 30</b>					
(\$M)	2021	2022	<b>▲%</b>			
Aeronautics Systems	\$2,913	\$2,534	(13)%			
Defense Systems	1,427	1,294	(9)%			
Mission Systems	2,588	2,516	(3)%			
Space Systems	2,748	2,979	8%			
Intersegment Eliminations	(525)	(522)				
Total Sales	\$9,151	\$8,801	(4)%			

Sales timing impacted by tight labor market and supply chain delays



# **Q2 Segment Operating Income\* and Margin Rate\***

# **Segment Margin Rate\***



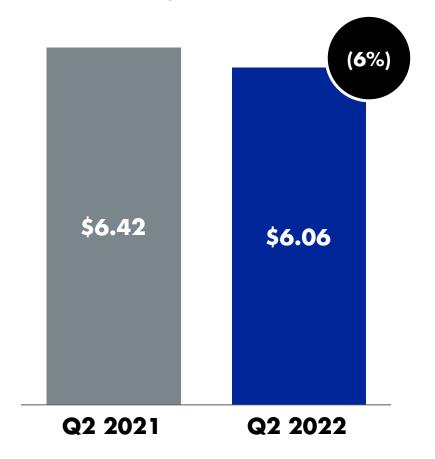
	Three Months Ended June 30						
	Segment	Segment Operating Income*			Segment Margin Rate*		
(\$M)	2021	2022	<b>▲</b> %	2021	2022	<b>A</b>	
Aeronautics Systems	\$300	\$258	(14)%	10.3%	10.2%	(10) bps	
Defense Systems	1 <i>77</i>	168	(5)%	12.4%	13.0%	60 bps	
Mission Systems	408	413	1%	15.8%	16.4%	60 bps	
Space Systems	301	310	3%	11.0%	10.4%	(60) bps	
Intersegment Eliminations	(69)	(76)					
Total	\$1,11 <i>7</i>	\$1,073	(4)%	12.2%	12.2%	– bps	

## **Strong margin rate performance continues**

# **Q2 EPS Bridge**



# **Earnings Per Share**



Q2 2021	\$6.42
Marketable Securities	(0.38)
Net Pension*	(0.22)
Corporate Unallocated	0.10
Tax and Other	0.14
Q2 2022	\$6.06

Non-operating items primary driver of year-over-year change in earnings per share

Net Pension tax effected on a 21% federal statutory tax rate and a 5.25% blended state tax rate
 Note - Year over year benefit from share reduction embedded in individual items, tax effected at 21%.

# **2022 Sector Guidance**\*



	2022 Guidance <sup>*</sup> as of 4/28/2022		2022 Guidance <sup>†</sup> as of 7/28/2022		
	Sales (\$B)	OM Rate %	Sales (\$B)	OM Rate %	
Aeronautics Systems	Mid to High \$10	~10%	Mid to High \$10	Low 10%	
Defense Systems	Mid to High \$5	High 11%	Mid \$5	~12%	
Mission Systems	Mid \$10	Low 15%	Mid \$10	Mid 15%	
Space Systems	Mid to High \$11	Low 10%	High \$11	~10%	
Eliminations	Low (\$2)	Mid to High 12%	Low (\$2)	~13%	

<sup>\*</sup>See Page 14 - "Financial Guidance" regarding the company's underlying assumptions, judgments and select factors that can affect the company's ability to achieve guidance or meet expectations.

# NORTHROP'

# 2022 Company-Level Guidance<sup>(1)</sup>

\$ in millions, except per share amounts	As of 4/28/2022	As of 7/28/2022
Sales	\$36,200 — \$36,600	\$36,200 - \$36,600
Segment operating margin % <sup>(2)</sup>	11.7% — 11.9%	11.7% - 11.9%
Total Net FAS/CAS pension adjustment <sup>(3)</sup>	~1,310	~1,310
Unallocated corporate expense:		
Intangible asset amortization and PP&E step-up depreciation	~240	~240
Other items	~270	~210
Operating margin %	9.8% — 10.0%	9.8% — 10.0%
Interest expense	~540	~530
Effective tax rate %	~17.0%	~17.0%
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	~155	~155
Transaction-adjusted EPS <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	~\$24.50 — ~\$25.10	\$24.50 - \$25.10
Transaction-adjusted free cash flow <sup>(2)</sup> assuming Section 174 Tax deferral Transaction-adjusted free cash flow <sup>(2)</sup> based on current law	~\$2,500 — ~\$2,800 ~\$1,500 — ~\$1,800	\$2,500 - \$2,800 \$1,500 - \$1,800

See Page 14 - "Financial Guidance" regarding the company's underlying assumptions, judgments and select factors that can affect the company's ability to achieve guidance or meet expectations.

Non-GAAP financial measure. See Appendix.

Total Net FAS/CAS pension adjustment is presented as a single amount consistent with our historical presentation, and includes \$170 million of expected CAS pension expense and \$370 million of FAS pension service expense, both of which are reflected in operating income. Non-operating FAS pension benefit of \$1,510 million is reflected below operating income, and the total net FAS/CAS pension adjustment is \$1,310 million.

As usual, financial guidance does not include any future gains or losses associated with changes in valuations of the company's marketable securities related to our non-qualified benefit plans and other non-operating assets





EPS Guidance as of 4/28/2022	~\$24.50 — ~\$25.10
Corporate Unallocated	0.30
Interest Expense	0.05
Marketable Securities and Other	(O.35)
EPS Guidance as of 7/28/2022	\$24.50 — \$25.10

# **Cash Flow**



## Q2 transaction-adjusted free cash flow\* of (\$460 million)

- Includes \$450 million of cash taxes related to R&D amortization provision of Section 174 tax law
- Impacted by unexpected delays in the timing of customer payments near the end of the quarter
- About \$300 million in delayed collections received on the first working day of Q3

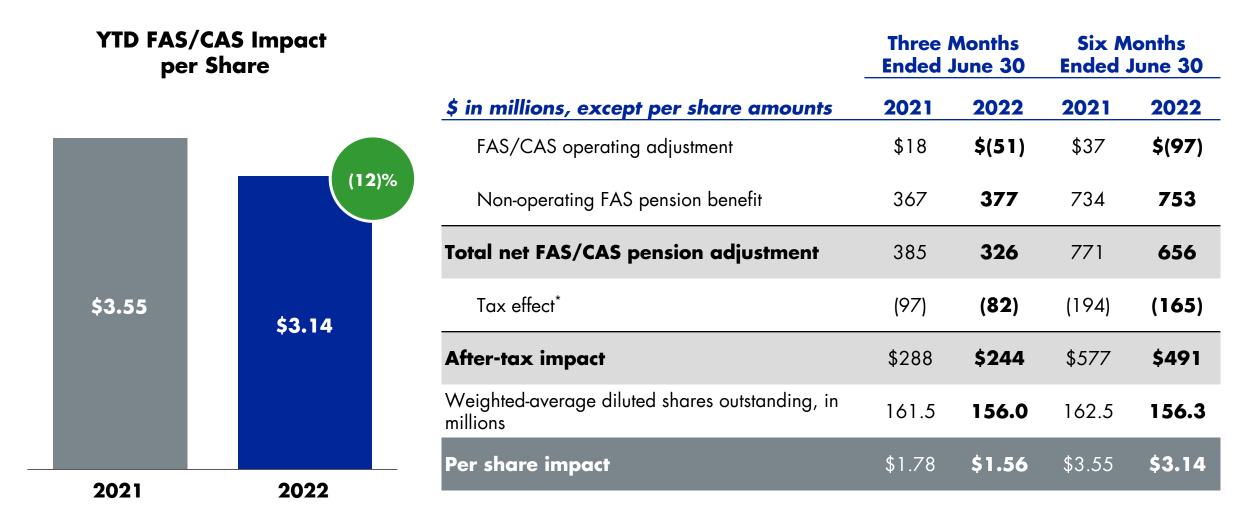
## Full year guidance for transaction-adjusted free cash flow\* is unchanged

- Timing related delays in Q2 expected to reverse in Q3
- Continued improvements in working capital levels tied to program milestones and deliveries
- Two guidance scenarios provided depending on Section 174 tax legislation

Expect stronger second half cash generation, consistent with historical pattern



# FAS/CAS Pension Adjustment Impact per Share



FAS/CAS pension adjustment continues to have decreasing benefit on GAAP EPS

# **Key Takeaways**

# Outstanding Awards Volume and Backlog Growth

# Franchise Programs Well Aligned to Customer Priorities

## **Our Strategy Remains Focused on:**

- Maintaining technology leadership and delivering innovative and affordable solutions with speed
- Sustainably and profitably growing our business in our customers' highest priority missions while maintaining contracting discipline
- Keeping a laser focus on performance and driving cost efficiencies
- Deploying our capital in value creating ways for our customers and investors

# **Appendix**

# **Financial Guidance**

Financial guidance, as well as outlook, trends, expectations and other forward looking statements provided by the company for 2022 and beyond, reflect the company's judgment based on the information available to the company at the time of this release. The company's 2022 financial guidance and outlook beyond 2022 reflect what the company currently anticipates will be the impacts on the company from the global COVID-19 pandemic (including related effects on the broader economic environment), based on what the company understands today and what the company has experienced to date. However, the company cannot predict how the pandemic will evolve or what impact it will continue to have, including the potential impact of another variant of COVID-19, another surge of cases, or a prolonged recovery period, and there can be no assurance that the company's underlying assumptions are correct. As discussed more fully in the company's Form 10-K and in the recent Form 10-Q, and among other factors, disruptions to the company's operations or those of its customers, supply chain and logistics challenges, effects on the labor market and our workforce, including labor shortages, vaccine mandates and other evolving government requirements, additional liabilities, disruptions in the financial markets and inflation, impacts on programs or payments, and changes in our customers' priorities, resources and requirements, relating to the global COVID-19 pandemic, today and as it may evolve, can be expected to affect the company's ability to achieve guidance or meet expectations. In addition, global events, such as the conflict in Ukraine, inflation, and the government budget, appropriations and procurement priorities and processes can impact our customers, programs and financial results. These events, priorities and processes, including the timing of appropriations and the occurrence of an extended continuing resolution and/or prolonged government shutdown, as well as a breach of the debt ceiling, extraordinary measures taken in connection with a breach, changes in support for our programs, or changes in federal corporate tax or securities laws and regulations, can impact the company's ability to achieve guidance or meet expectations.

# **Non-GAAP Definitions**

Non-GAAP Financial Measures Disclosure: This presentation contains non-GAAP (accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America) financial measures, as defined by SEC Regulation G and indicated by a footnote in this presentation. Definitions for the non-GAAP measures are provided below and reconciliations are provided in this presentation, except that reconciliations of forward-looking non-GAAP measures are not provided because the company is unable to provide such reconciliations without unreasonable effort due to the uncertainty and inherent difficulty of predicting the occurrence and financial impact of certain items, including, but not limited to, the impact of any mark-to-market pension adjustment. Other companies may define these measures differently or may utilize different non-GAAP measures.

Transaction-adjusted net earnings: Net earnings excluding impacts related to the company's IT services divestiture, including the gain on sale of the business, associated federal and state income tax expenses, transaction costs, and the make-whole premium for early debt redemption, as well as MTM benefit (expense) and related tax impacts. This measure may be useful to investors and other users of our financial statements as a supplemental measure in evaluating the company's underlying financial performance by presenting the company's operating results before the non-operational impact of divestiture activity and pension and OPB actuarial gains and losses. This measure is also consistent with how management views the underlying performance of the business as the impact of the IT services divestiture and MTM accounting is not considered in management's assessment of the company's operating performance or in its determination of incentive compensation awards. Transaction-adjusted net earnings is reconciled in the "Non-GAAP Reconciliations - Transaction-adjusted net earnings and Transaction-adjusted EPS" table within this Appendix.

Transaction-adjusted EPS: Diluted earnings per share excluding the per share impacts related to the company's IT services divestiture, including the gain on sale of the business, associated federal and state income tax expenses, transaction costs, and the make-whole premium for early debt redemption, as well as MTM benefit (expense) and related tax impacts. This measure may be useful to investors and other users of our financial statements as a supplemental measure in evaluating the company's underlying financial performance per share by presenting the company's diluted earnings per share results before the non-operational impact of the IT services divestiture and pension and OPB actuarial gains and losses. Transaction-adjusted EPS is reconciled in the "Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Transaction-adjusted net earnings and Transaction-adjusted EPS" table within this Appendix.

Organic sales: Total sales excluding sales attributable to the company's IT services divestiture. This measure may be useful to investors and other users of our financial statements as a supplemental measure in evaluating the company's underlying sales growth as well as in providing an understanding of our ongoing business and future sales trends by presenting the company's sales before the impact of divestiture activity. Organic sales is reconciled in the "Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Organic Sales" table within this Appendix.

# **Non-GAAP Definitions**

Segment operating income and segment operating margin rate: Segment operating income, as reconciled in the "Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Segment Operating Income" table within this Appendix and segment operating margin rate (segment operating income divided by sales) reflect the combined operating income of our four segments less the operating income associated with intersegment sales. Segment operating income includes pension expense allocated to our sectors under FAR and CAS and excludes FAS pension service expense and unallocated corporate items. These measures may be useful to investors and other users of our financial statements as supplemental measures in evaluating the financial performance and operational trends of our sectors. These measures should not be considered in isolation or as alternatives to operating results presented in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted free cash flow: Net cash provided by or used in operating activities, less capital expenditures, plus proceeds from the sale of equipment to a customer (not otherwise included in net cash provided by or used in operating activities) and the after-tax impact of discretionary pension contributions. Adjusted free cash flow includes proceeds from the sale of equipment to a customer as such proceeds were generated in a customer sales transaction. It also includes the after-tax impact of discretionary pension contributions for consistency and comparability of financial performance. This measure may not be defined and calculated by other companies in the same manner. We use adjusted free cash flow as a key factor in our planning for, and consideration of, acquisitions, the payment of dividends and stock repurchases. This non-GAAP measure may be useful to investors and other users of our financial statements as a supplemental measure of our cash performance, but should not be considered in isolation, as a measure of residual cash flow available for discretionary purposes, or as an alternative to operating cash flows presented in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted free cash flow is reconciled in the "Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Transaction-adjusted Free Cash Flow" table within this Appendix.

Transaction-adjusted free cash flow: Net cash provided by or used in operating activities less capital expenditures, plus proceeds from the sale of equipment to a customer (not otherwise included in net cash provided by or used in operating activities), the after-tax impact of discretionary pension contributions and cash paid for federal and state taxes and transaction costs associated with the IT services divestiture. Transaction-adjusted free cash flow includes proceeds from the sale of equipment to a customer as such proceeds were generated in a customer sales transaction. It also includes the after-tax impact of discretionary pension contributions and cash paid for federal and state taxes and transaction costs associated with the IT services divestiture for consistency and comparability of financial performance. This measure may not be defined and calculated by other companies in the same manner. We use transaction-adjusted free cash flow as a key factor in our planning for, and consideration of, acquisitions, the payment of dividends and stock repurchases. This non-GAAP measure may be useful to investors and other users of our financial statements as a supplemental measure of our cash performance, but should not be considered in isolation, as a measure of residual cash flow available for discretionary purposes, or as an alternative to operating cash flows presented in accordance with GAAP. Transaction-adjusted free cash flow is reconciled in the "Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Transaction-adjusted Free Cash Flow" table within this Appendix.

# **Non-GAAP Reconciliations Organic Sales**



_	Six Months Ended June 3			30		_	
_		2021			2022		
(\$M)	Sales	IT Services Sales	Organic Sales	Sales	IT Services Sales	Organic Sales	Organic sales <b>▲</b> %
Aeronautics Systems	\$5,903	<b>\$</b> —	\$5,903	\$5,237	<b>\$</b> -	\$5,237	(11)%
Defense Systems	2,989	(106)	2,883	2,577	_	2,577	(11)%
Mission Systems	<i>5,177</i>	(42)	5,135	5,013	_	5,013	(2)%
Space Systems	5,269	(16)	5,253	5,834	_	5,834	11%
Intersegment Eliminations	(1,030)	2	(1,028)	(1,063)	_	(1,063)	
Total	\$18,308	\$(162)	\$18,146	\$17,598	<b>\$</b> -	\$17,598	(3)%

# **Non-GAAP** Reconciliations **Segment Operating Income**



	Three Months	Ended June 30	Six Months Ended June 30	
(\$M)	2021	2022	2021	2022
Total sales	\$9,151	\$8,801	\$18,308	\$1 <i>7,</i> 598
Operating income	\$1,044	\$954	\$3,866	\$1,851
Operating margin rate	11.4%	10.8%	21.1%	10.5%
Reconciliation to segment operating income:				
FAS/CAS operating adjustment	(18)	51	(37)	97
Gain on sale of business	_	_	(1,980)	_
IT services divestiture – unallowable state taxes and transaction costs	_	_	192	_
Intangible asset amortization and PP&E step-up depreciation	64	61	129	121
Other unallocated corporate expense	27	7	42	41
Unallocated corporate expense (income)	\$91	\$68	\$(1,61 <i>7</i> )	\$162
Segment operating income	\$1,11 <i>7</i>	\$1,073	\$2,212	\$2,110
Segment operating margin rate	12.2%	12.2%	12.1%	12.0%

# Non-GAAP Reconciliations Transaction-adjusted Net Earnings and Transaction-adjusted EPS



	Three Months	Three Months Ended June 30		
\$ in millions, except per share amounts	2021	2022	2021	2022
Transaction-adjusted net earnings				
Net earnings	\$1,03 <i>7</i>	\$946	\$3,232	\$1,901
Gain on sale of business	_	_	(1,980)	_
State tax impact <sup>(1)</sup>	_	_	160	_
Transaction costs	_	_	32	_
Make-whole premium	_	_	54	_
Federal tax impact of items above <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	614	_
Transaction adjustment, net of tax	\$-	\$ <b>-</b>	\$(1,120)	\$-
Transaction-adjusted net earnings	\$1,037	\$946	\$2,112	\$1,901
Transaction-adjusted per share data				
Diluted EPS	\$6.42	\$6.06	\$19.89	\$12.16
Gain on sale of business per share	_	_	(12.18)	_
State tax impact per share <sup>(1)</sup>	_	_	0.98	_
Transaction costs per share	_	_	0.20	_
Make-whole premium per share	_	_	0.33	_
Federal tax impact of line items above per share <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	3.78	_
Transaction adjustment per share, net of tax	\$-	\$ <b>-</b>	\$(6.89)	\$-
Transaction-adjusted EPS	\$6.42	\$6.06	\$13.00	\$12.16

<sup>1.</sup> The state tax impact includes \$62 million of incremental tax expense related to \$1.2 billion of nondeductible goodwill in the divested business.

<sup>2.</sup> The federal tax impact was calculated by applying the 21 percent federal statutory rate to the adjustment items and also includes \$250 million of incremental tax expense related to \$1.2 billion of nondeductible goodwill in the divested business.

# Non-GAAP Reconciliations Transaction-adjusted Free Cash Flow



	Three Months Ended June 30			Six Months Ended June 30		_
(\$M)	2021	2022	<b>▲%</b>	2021	2022	<b>▲%</b>
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$1,028	\$(197)	(119)%	\$962	\$(685)	(171)%
Capital expenditures	(230)	(263)	14%	(435)	(507)	17%
Proceeds from sale of equipment to a customer	56	_	NM	56	_	NM
Adjusted free cash flow	\$854	\$(460)	(154)%	\$583	\$(1,192)	(304)%
IT services divestiture transaction costs	_	_	-%	39	_	NM
IT services divestiture federal and state taxes	390	_	NM	390	_	NM
Transaction-adjusted free cash flow	\$1,244	\$(460)	(137)%	\$1,012	\$(1,192)	(218)%